

# THE EVENING ADVOCATE.

Official Organ of The Fishermen's Protective Union of Newfoundland.

TORONTO.—Fresh N.W. winds; fair and cold today and on Friday.

Vol. VII., No. 242

THE EVENING ADVOCATE, ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND,

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1920.

PRICE: ONE CENT.

## CHEERING EFFECT AT DOMINION STEEL WORKS

### Preparations Made for Opening Ore of the Blast Furnaces

SYDNEY, Dec. 8.—Although the preparations for starting one of the open hearths and one of the blast furnaces one hundred and thirty thousand tons are having a cheering effect upon of steel rails have been received by business depressed by the strike of the Dominion Steel Corporation, pre-railway men now in the third week.

#### Denounces Moncton

SYDNEY, Dec. 8.—Denunciation of the Monctonians in breaking the "Brigands of Moncton and Moncton Huns" is made in a resolution day night.

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## A SWIMMING PRODIGY.



Eugenia Falkenburg, twenty-one months old, is thought to be the youngest swimmer in the United States. "Jinx," as she is called, swims dog fashion and can stay in the water for twenty minutes without tiring. She was born of American parents in Spain and came to America about a month ago. She speaks the Spanish language quite fluently for a child of her age. Baby Eugenia has traversed all of France and Italy and will soon go to South America. She learned to swim when she was fourteen months old, in Barcelona, Spain.

## To Take Notice of Anti-British Activities of De Valera

LONDON, Dec. 8.—The British government is considering whether it will request the United States government in the interests of Anglo-American friendship, to take official notice of the anti-British activities of De Valera according to Bonar Law in the Commons to-day.

## Arranging Hockey Games

HALIFAX, Dec. 8.—John M. Tobin, Secretary of St. John's Athletic Assn. is in the city in an effort to arrange hockey teams here and in other parts of the province. He hopes to be able to arrange games in Sydney, Glace Bay and Antigonish. Tobin says the St. John's team is a well balanced one and believes would give the best in Nova Scotia a worth while battle.

## Are Sentenced

BELFAST, Dec. 8.—Directors Martin Fitzgerald and Hamilton Edwards of the Freeman's Journal of Dublin who were found guilty on Monday of spreading a false report intended to cause disaffection were to-day sentenced to six months' imprisonment and fined five hundred pounds sterling each.

## WILSON DOES QUICK WORK

### Has Armenian Boundaries Fixed

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—President Wilson has completed recommendations with regard to the boundaries of Armenia and has forwarded them to the League of Nations in session at Geneva.

## U.S.A. COMMISSION ON IRELAND REFUSED PERMISSION TO VISIT THERE

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—The British now in session here to visit Ireland Embassy to-day refused to vize the to study conditions there at first hand. passports of members of the special This means that members of the committee selected by the commission mittee will not be permitted to visit of inquiry into conditions in Ireland Great Britain.

## Canadians Seem To Be Active

GENEVA, Dec. 8.—Plans proposed for the formation of a technical organization of the League of Nations dealing with finance, health and transportation were sharply attacked at to-day's session of the League by N. W. Rowell Canadian representative, who claims the plans tended to take organization out of the hands of the assembly and Europe.

## SIX LARGE CLOTHING FACTORIES IN U.S.A. LOCK OUT 16000 HANDS

NEW YORK, Dec. 8.—The headquar-facturers had declared war on the ters of the Amalgamated Clothing union and this morning six large Workers of America announced here firms had locked out sixteen thousand to-day that New York clothing manu-workers.

## Jackman's Cleaning, Pressing, Repairing AND Dye Works.

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## The Rush of Christmas

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Auto . . . . .35c.  
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OUR DOLLS, TOYS & GAMES  
are superior to any we have shown for years, and moderate in price too.

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\$4.10, \$5.50, \$8.60 to \$16.00.

SLEEPING:  
\$3.10, \$4.10, \$5.50 to \$10.00.  
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MOVING PICTURE MACHINE:  
Moviegraph, with 3 pictures  
and 3 slides . . . . \$13.00

Radioptican . . . . \$8.20, \$13.50  
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## HON. W. F. PENNEY TELLS OF NORWEGIAN FISHERY METHODS

(The following is a paper by Hon. W. F. Penney read before the Board of Trade members yesterday:)

When I was asked to undertake a mission to Norway for the Government of this country in order, to observe the methods of fishing, cure, and exportation of fishery products of that country and to make a report thereon upon my return, I was none too anxious to accept the commission, for I thought I saw many barriers that lay across my path and that I would often find myself in peculiar positions.

The first difficulty that presented itself was as to how official Norway would look upon one whose object was virtually spying upon their business methods, and the next, how the business men engaged in that particular branch would take one, and the one that loomed the largest was the language difficulty. Well, I was assured that the language difficulty was scarcely one to be worried over, as the Norwegians were virtually a nation of sailors, and through their contact with English people particularly, one would have little difficulty as to making one's self understood and in picking up information.

As I look back now upon my stay in that country, I find I discovered that many other difficulties were to be met with which I had not thought of. However, I managed to make the rounds of the Norwegian coast and to observe the methods of the fishermen and the handling of codfish for export more particularly, but it will be a difficult matter for me to tell a fraction of what I saw in Norway. I imagine you will not be interested in the passage to Norway from this country, and it will

only be necessary for me to say that I reached Bergen, Norway, via Newcastle. I cannot refrain from remarking that Norway is a country of the most wild and rugged beauty which attracts thousands of tourists annually, and this traffic alone contributes greatly to its revenue.

Then it is the "civilized" country which is advertised throughout the world as the land of the "Midnight Sun," and this in itself attracts thousands to witness this five weeks of continuous day.

I would say at the beginning that in considering the great fishing industries of Norway, and in making a comparison with those of Newfoundland one has to remember that Norway is a nation of some two and three quarter millions of people, with a very old European civilization lying at the north door of Europe, and its fishery products contribute 35 per cent. of the value of its total products, while Newfoundland with its quarter million people is comparatively isolated and little known, except as Britain's oldest Colony, whose people live from the product of its cod-fisheries alone, while the natural beauties of our land are not "extensively" advertised.

The fisheries of Norway are not limited to cod, herring and seal, by any means, nor is the production of salt fish the most important marine industry. If you were to ask me which I thought the greater yield in returns to Norway in this connection I believe that I would be led to say that, in my opinion, it was the herring fishery, although statistics do not bear out that assumption, and there the codfishery leads in importance.

Some twenty years ago, the fishermen of Norway were practically

owned by the fish producers and exporters, and they were sent around to the different fishing centers for the season's operations, they received their outfits and general supplies on credit from the merchants and there was a settlement once a year when it was generally found that the fishermen were in debt, and this condition was not a very happy one. A good deal of this business was in the hands of German merchants, even up to the time of the war, and at Bergen, the largest distributing and exporting centre, very extensive premises were in those hands. A very different condition exists to-day and the fishermen are independent, and the whole business is upon a cash basis from start to finish, while the large German interests have passed into Norwegian hands.

The codfishery is conducted upon very different lines in Norway from those which obtain in our country, and the fisherman is the producer only—in the catching of the fish. The boats used by the fishermen do not in any way resemble our boats, and there are practically no boats except those propelled by engines, while the majority employed in the winter cod-fishing are decked. The popular engine is the Semi-Deisel hot-headed type. The boats, and in fact the majority of the motor schooners as well as all round or pink sterned, and our square countered boats are not seen at all. There are a great many clinker built boats in use, some of which are quite large in size. The size of the boats ranges from the small cross-handed canoe-type used in fresh fishing during the summer, to the 3.51 or ton decked boats used in the winter fishing, while

(Continued on Page 3.)



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Jan 31, eod, 11

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nov 23, dy & wk, 11

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AGENTS.

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dec 3, eod, 6m

## GALA DAY AT CONCEPTION.

Wednesday, Dec. 1st., will go down in the annals of the parish of Conception as a red-letter day, as it was the day set apart by the people to celebrate the 50th anniversary of the ordination to the Priesthood of their beloved Pastor the Rt. Rev. Monsignor Donnelly, P.P. Everything that the people could do to make the day worthy of the event it commemorated was done, and when the only thing that was needed, a fine day dawned fresh and bright, success was assured.

The magnificent harbour shone like a mirror in the glorious sunshine, and reflected the many flags and arches that decorated the streets of the village while the joy of the people was shown in their faces. From an early hour the Guests came pouring in, and by 11 a.m. the Church was crowded. High Mass was sung, Coram Pontifice, by the Rt. Rev. Monsignor with Rev. W. McC. Murphy as Deacon and Rev. W. Cullen as Sub-Deacon.

(Fittingly the oldest priest of the Diocese assisted by the youngest,) while the Rev. Dr. Greene acted as Master of Ceremonies. His Lordship Bishop March presided, assisted by the Rt. Rev. Monsignors McDermott and McCarthy. Rt. Rev. Bishop-Elect Renouf was attended by Rev. Dr. Murphy, Brigus, and Rev. J. J. McGrath, Bell Island. A special choir, with Rev. Dr. Carter as organist, sang a Gregorian Mass suited to the occasion. Towards the end of Mass, His Lordship Bishop March ascended the pulpit and preached a masterly sermon, taking as his leading ideas, the chief duties of a priest, to offer Sacrifice, to forgive sins, and to preach, and applying all with special reference to the Monsignor's career in the exercise of these duties for fifty years. Immediately after the sermon His Lordship imparted the Papal Blessing. Mass concluded the Rev. Dr. Murphy, P. P. Brigus, approached the Monsignor, read an address and presented him with a beautiful set of vestments on behalf of the priests of Harbour Grace Diocese. Addresses were also read and purses of gold presented by Mr. Patrick St. John on behalf of the people, and by Dr. W. E. Jones for Dalton Council, K. of C. The addresses we append below. Space does not permit us to give the replies of the Monsignor, but he spoke of the great joy it gave him to see so many of his brother priests, their great kindness in coming to do him honour, and of the cordial relations that had always existed between them and of the unfailing courtesy he had always experienced from all. To the people he spoke as a loving father delighted with his children, assuring them of his fatherly care and protection, his deep appreciation of what they had done for him and that they had made him very happy. Though taken by surprise by the kindness of the Knights of Columbus, he thanked them sincerely, spoke of their noble deeds of kindness and charity, which were especially shown during the Great War, and of his proud privilege to be a Knight. At 1.30 all the guests were invited to the Hall to a performance of a Operetta cleverly written for the occasion and beautifully produced by the Convent children, under the direction of the Sisters. Here also the Monsignor was the recipient of an address, bouquet and purse from three little girls on behalf of the children of the Parish. After the performance the Monsignor entertained at dinner in the Parish House His Lordship Bishop March, Rt. Rev. Bishop-Elect Renouf, Rt. Rev. Monsignors McDermott and McCarthy, Very Rev. Dean Tierney, Rev. Drs. Murphy, Whelan, Green, and Carter, the Rev. Fathers Shean, W. P. Finn, D. O'Callaghan, J. Rawlins, J. Pippy, J. Ashley, J. J. McGrath, P. Kelly, E. Sheehan, A. Dee, T. O'Neill, R. J. St. John, T. J. Flynn, W. Casey, F. J. Humphrey, W. McC. Murphy, N. J. Cullen and Mr. Justice Kent, Mr. D. F. Kent, Mr. P. J. Kent, Mr. F. W. Bradshaw, Mr. W. L. Donnelly, and Dr. W. E. Jones. His Lordship Bishop March proposed the toast of the Monsignor's health, which was responded to by the Rev. Jubilant in his inimitable way. Speeches were also made by Rt. Rev. Bishop-Elect Renouf, Monsignor's McDermott and McCarthy, Mr. Justice Kent, Dr. W. E. Jones and Mr. F. Bradshaw. During the day the Monsignor was in receipt of many messages of congratula-

tion, among them one from His Grace Archbishop Roche, who regretted his being unable to be present, but sending his best wishes and congratulations.

### ADDRESS OF THE CLERGY.

Rt. Rev. Monsignor Donnelly.

Dear Monsignor,—We, the priests of the Diocese of Harbour Grace, your confreres in the sacred ministry, have come here this morning to tender you our united and cordial congratulations upon the attainment of your Golden Jubilee, and at the same time to express to you the profound satisfaction which we in common with the whole Catholic body, have felt at your elevation to the rank of Domestic Prelate. To look back upon fifty years of sacerdotal ministry is a privilege granted to few. This privilege is yours, and we interpret it as a signal mark of Divine approval of the zeal and devotedness with which you have labored in the Master's vineyard during the past half century. Among the many and varied feelings which stir your heart this morning there is one we are sure that dominates all others, that of gratitude to God, and while your lips to-day repeat in Holy Mass those precious words, "What shall I render the Lord for all that He has rendered unto me," we heartily join with you in thanksgiving to the Almighty for the many years of priestly life He has given you,—years of good, earnest service and full of enterprise for the cause of religion. Finally, we ask your acceptance of the accompanying gift as a slight token of our esteem and loving fellowship, and we pray you may be long spared to enjoy the dignity with which the Holy See has crowned your devoted services.

Signed on behalf of the Priests of the Diocese of Harbour Grace,  
F. D. MCCARTHY, V.G.,  
R. M. SHEAN,  
J. MURPHY.

### ADDRESS OF THE PARISHIONERS

To The Rt. Rev. Monsignor J. V. Donnelly, P.P., on the Occasion of His Golden Jubilee.

Dear Monsignor Donnelly:—

With feelings of great joy we approach you to-day to offer you our most sincere and humble congratulations on the attainment of your fiftieth year as a priest; and we wish to say that the joy which we feel is not confined to us alone as it is shared by many from Holyrood to Bay de Verde and even on cold Labrador, who have known you as their Spiritual guide and benefitted by your ministrations. Monuments in the shape of buildings are not wanting in these places to testify to their material progress while under your charge, but it is chiefly in the spiritual impress left by you on the character of the people that your influence as a Priest of God is best known. Since coming amongst us but two short years ago you have endeared yourself to us by the charm and sterling worth of your personality, and by your every effort to improve us materially and spiritually, evidences of this are seen in the various improvements made to the church and school and especially in the new schools recently built in Colliers. As a consequence of all this His Lordship the Bishop was pleased to appoint you Administrator during his last Ad Limina visit, and the Holy Father to make you a Domestic Prelate. At that time we rejoiced but to-day we doubly rejoice. Fifty years a Priest! What a wonderful privilege! And what a wealth of happy memories the day must recall! Fifty years spent in saving souls! Fifty years visiting the sick and soothing the afflicted; freeing the sinner, and offering up the Holy Sacrifice; a lifetime given for others. Ah, yes, what a glorious privilege! To-day the prayers of the souls you saved will surely ascend for you before the Great White Throne, and we assure you of our prayers also, as you are our father and we are your children and your joys are our joys and your sorrows, our sorrows, Ah, yes, we are your loving, faithful children, and we offer with this little purse the pure gold of heartfelt devotion and sincere affection, which will be yours as long as you are destined to remain with us.

### Address of Knights of Columbus

Right Rev. Mons. Donnelly, P.P.,

Rt. Rev. Sir and Brother:—On behalf of the Officers and Brothers of Dalton Council, No. 1448, K. of C., we wish to express to you our congratula-

tions on this happy occasion, the 50th anniversary of your ordination to the Sacred Priesthood. We realize to-day that you have reached the summit of fifty long years spent in our midst laboring for the Glory of God and the salvation of souls, and each and every one of us shares in the joy that you must feel; and the honour that is yours reflects itself on your country, your parish and also on the K. of C., of which you are the senior member. We ask you then to accept the accompanying little gift as a tangible proof of the esteem and veneration in which you are held by every member in our Council.

Signed on their behalf:

M. F. DINN,

Grand Knight.

W. S. MADDIGAN,

Deputy Grand Knight.

M. T. JONES,

Financial Secretary.

### Address of the Children

Right Rev. and Dear Monsignor:—

Though we are only little children, we would not have felt satisfied to-day if we had not been allowed to extend to you our most humble congratulations, and we have flattered ourselves enough to think that among your affectionate greeting, your father's offered you ours will not be the less words of encouragement, "That's

least appreciated, as none certainly could be more sincere and heartfelt.

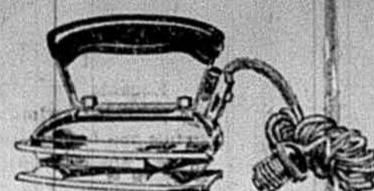
We are glad to see so many distinguished guests present—gathered to do you honor on your jubilee day and testifying by their presence to their appreciation of your solid worth and popularity. They are assured of a hearty welcome. When we first thought of taking part in the day's programme of rejoicing, we felt nervous and shy, but we were emboldened when we remembered how our own dear Saviour loved us so much when on earth that He wished us to be near Him and rebuked those who would turn us away. On account of the same qualities for which our Saviour loved us and which good teachers tell us were Innocence and Simplicity, we felt that our good wishes would not be overlooked or unappreciated, and we were further encouraged by the thought that had you the arrangement of to-day's programme we should have had a place. Yes, favour on a list already long, to accept only little children it is true, but we claim you as our own dear Spiritual Father and we know well that a Father you have been. Kind acceptance from your generous and noble heart.

ANNIE WADE,

BRIDIE FLYNN,

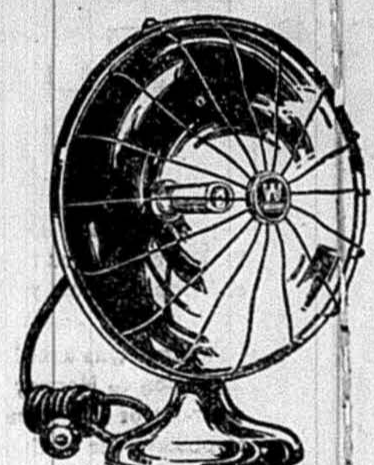
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Steel and Wood Snatch Blocks  
Patent Fog Horns**

**Full stocks of Marine Hardware  
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# HON. W. F. PENNEY TELLS OF NORWEGIAN FISHERY METHODS

(Continued from Page 1).

motor schooners and small steamers are largely used as well.

The gear used to catch fish consists of gill-nets, trawls and hand lines, and the steamers or schooners using trawls have dories of local build to handle this gear. No trawling other than gill nets is employed in the codfishery, and even if the depth of water were to permit of the use of seines and cod traps the fishermen would not have them, and they argue if such means were used, and large quantities of fish caught, prices would be low and the business unprofitable.

The fisherman sells his catch round to the exporter or merchant who has warehouses at the fishing centres or very often he has large motor vessels or steamers which are provided with crews to collect and take care of the fish. The fisherman bargains for his catch as he delivers it day by day, and prices vary as the catch is small or large, but there is always a separate deal for the live fish which the fisherman sells to the highest bidder. Deals are made so much per kilo or so much per hundred fish and, except for the live fish, fishermen rarely handle their catch.

The exporter, if producing klip, or split fish, does not allow heads, sound bones, or roes to go away as waste products, but the heads and bones are dried for use in the fertilizing plants, while the roes are salted or go to the canneries.

There are two principal codfishing centres where codfish in large quantities make annual visits, while large quantities of cod and other fish are caught all round the irregular coastline at all seasons. The two large centres are Lofoten Islands and the Coast of Finmarken. The Lofoten Islands are situated roughly between 67 and 69 north latitude, well within the Arctic Circle, and the fishery generally opens about the first of January. At this season there is only about one and a half hours daylight and as it is midwinter snow storms are frequent as with us, while violent gales sweep the coast particularly from the S.W. and are dreaded by the fishermen. The frost is not intense although short snaps with ten degrees below are not unusual, but there is never a pan of ice to be seen, and it is a rare thing to have ice make in the harbors, this owing to the action of the Gulf Stream.

No matter how scattered the fishing settlements may be along the coast of Norway, and one finds many scattered solitary families, as along our shores, still not a solitary fisherman is isolated, for the telephone or telegraph systems reach every settlement.

When the fishery opens the reports of movements of the school are sent around by specially appointed officials to the settlements which cause large numbers of fishermen from all Norway to congregate in small areas where there is great congestion. At the Lofotens it is not unusual for 25,000 fishermen with 10,000 powered boats to congregate at a certain island or fjord, and one can imagine what conditions would be like in this country or on the Labrador coast with such congestion. Yet the fishermen of Norway prosecute their calling in this way with little disorder or lawlessness.

To prevent disorders, fishery inspectors and extraordinary police are employed and those officials indicate to the fishermen the grounds where gill-nets are to be set or trawls, and the reserves for hook and line men. When fishing begins, those officials start for

the grounds with the fishermen and no gear is allowed to be handled until a signal is given at 6 o'clock in the morning either by the hoisting of a flag or the firing of a gun.

Under such conditions a large proportion of the Norwegian codfish is produced. The bulk of the catch from this fishery is produced as stock-fish and in the crudest manner possible and while there are several ways of treating different kinds of fish before handling, for cure it is only in the throating and splitting that the method differs.

Codfish for stock-cure is throat-cut and headed as we perform the operation then thoroughly washed in clean, fresh water, tied two together at the tails and then thrown across a stout longer which has been smoothly planed to dry in the open. Some cod is opened below the fins instead of being cut down while Sacst (black cod) and ling are usually cut down through the back. Sometimes the sound bone is removed and the fish are split open to within about three inches of the tail, and those are just placed across the longer for curing. Those fish are left in this position for as long as four months through snow, frost, rain and shine, when after a few days of fine weather at the end, they are packed away in the stores as cured, and cured they are as hard as any oak club.

This stock-fish finds a ready market in Italy and South America, particularly, but all the Mediterranean markets take it and before the war Germany consumed great quantities. New stock-fish is never ready for shipment, before the middle of June, and the curers told me that if left on the sticks after the 12th to the 14th of June it was considered as spoiled. In looking over a large warehouse packed with stock-fish I remarked that there was no odour of salt fish, and the owner remarked that it was beautiful and fresh.

He then brought me two lots of fish and began to tap them with a stick, the sound from one was solid and the other hollow. The pile giving the hollow sound, he said was spoiled in the cure and was to go to the fertilizing plant. This is the usual method of testing this fish.

Stock-fish are not hung for cure later than the first of April in the Lofotens and the first of May in Finmarken, where the fishery opens about the first of April. The Lofoten fishing is over by the end of March and a peculiarity about this fish is its uniform size, and when packed into bundles for export, heads to tails, it is impossible to detect the slightest difference in the length of the lot.

This fish comes around the Lofotens to spawn, usually inside the islands and while spawning the fish is near the surface and the fishermen adjust his gear to meet these conditions, consequently the nets and trawls are kept at the right depth by glass floats which are covered with strong netting to protect them from breakage.

Italian dealers have been demanding that the ends of the napes and the tails be cut off, and this is now done. In order to prepare stock-fish for cooking it is soaked in fresh water for two days and nights, then it is soaked in a weak solution of lye for one day and night, and then again another day and night in fresh water, when it is ready for the cooking. It is much prized by the Norwegians themselves, who use it in the preparation of soup.

The Norwegian people is a fish-eating people and scarcely a meal is partaken of in Norway but fish

of some kind in some form is part of the menu.

The fisherman of Norway rarely procures his own bait, and this business is in the hands of companies who operate steamers and motor schooners to bring herring, squid, mussels, and loda to the fishing grounds when the fisherman purchases his supplies. Although there are so many producing stations along the Lofoten Islands, there are very few curing stations, and later the fish is salted for klip or split cure, it is loaded upon steamers or motor vessels and taken to the islands in the fjords, which are fairly level and bare of moss or turf, to be made. There is an absence of flakes at those places and the salt bulk fish is thrown into places where a washing place has been made of stones, where it is swabbed, then thrown upon rocks, where, as a rule, women go over every fish and thoroughly clean them. Then every fish is laid perfectly flat in water-horse and I may here remark that whether dry—or green—piled or bulked, all fish are laid perfectly flat, one at a time, and never in vaffles. The utmost care and perfect cleanliness prevail in all the handling and the rocks are washed and disinfected to get rid of microbes, which it is said, create gun.

The stands for piles are made of planks or boards, which are moved to different parts of the drying places as needed and the coverings are made of thin clapboards, octagonal shaped at the bottom coming to a point at the top. Could we produce stockfish in Newfoundland or upon Labrador, a great many of our troubles would be eliminated, but I am afraid climatic conditions would prove an insurmountable barrier, for the seasons when we catch fish are too warm, and we have too many flies while we get too much moisture as well, but during the winter fishery upon the West Coast an experiment could be made.

In making inquiries as to prices of salt and the difficulties of obtaining a supply I found that the salt dealers of Norway sold this article very much cheaper than it was being sold in Newfoundland and, notwithstanding the strikes in the salt ports, they still had full supplies. There was a German salt which was very cheap but it looked to me to be like rock salt crushed and it was not in good favor. The chief supplies were procured from Tunis and the article itself was very much like Cadiz salt and was much liked while the cost was much less than that of the Cadiz article.

When one goes north of the Lofotens and Westerland and into Finmarken, then he can very well imagine himself upon the coast of Northern Labrador. The outlying islands are bare and the mountain peaks are more rounded than along the West Coast. One meets a different class of people as he nears Hammerfest and the northeasterly extremes of the country, and it looks as though peoples from all over Northern Europe had settled here with the Labrador.

A most peculiar condition obtained here, and while at the heads of the fjords there are the most cozy farms, and the people live in comfort, there are large numbers including Laps, who depend upon the fisheries. In order to afford these people every facility to make a living, the Government of Norway revoked the customs laws and allowed Russian traders free entry all along this coast. These traders brought over from Archangel and other ports cargoes of merchandise of all kinds, which they traded with

the Finmarkers for fish, furs and every kind of fishery products and there was never any word of money or coin in circulation.

When the British and Norse Governments arranged for the cutting off of supplies from the Central Powers Finmarken came under the ban as well and this free exchange was stopped and is still so, which leaves those people in a very disgruntled condition.

The fishery opens here in April and large schools of cod follow the schools of loda (which they say is our caplin), along this coast. The means employed to catch the fish are the same as at Lofoten, but the class of boats employed in type and build, is about as varied as the population and that is saying a great deal. There are some sail and row boats employed but the majority are engine-driven.

The fish caught resembles our Labrador fish and varies a good deal in size. Quite a quantity of the early-catching fish is cured for stock-fish, but the later catch is cured as klip or split fish. The very same methods are used here as at Lofotens to produce this fish. When this split fish is produced by the exporter he does not take any thought for the loss in weight in the drying. His idea is to have the fish thoroughly dried and cured so that when he receives it from the makers at his warehouse he is through with handling it and when he sends out a parcel he wants to be assured that there will be no further worry over it.

I saw some fish being cured as split cure along the West Coast, but it was a small quantity only. This was a very clean, white article, and it did not require much thought as to how it was produced.

There appears to be complete harmony amongst the fish exporters of Norway. They meet regularly at different points and discuss matters in connection with their business and there seems to be a complete understanding with regard to shipments to the different markets, while there also appears to be very little rivalry. When a cargo of some thousands of quintals is loaded for Portugal, for instance, there will be a large number of shippers of that cargo. I found that a member of one of the Portuguese fish firms was also doing a large fish exporting trade in Norway, and he was also the British vice-Consul at the Norwegian port.

A son of one of the Lofoten firms was in the fish business in Genoa and looked after the shipments of his firm as well as others in that port. A son of another large exporting firm in Lofoten was travelling in South America markets. Another large exporting firm had a branch business in Brazil and also in Argentine.

But to my mind the Norwegian exporter has the advantage, and a very great one, over the Newfoundland exporter in the means of transportation. There are very few shipments nowadays by sailing vessels from Norway, the numerous lines of steamships calling at the different ports in Spain, Portugal and the Mediterranean, affording continuous opportunities for shipments of any parcel, large or small.

There are also lines to West Indies, Brazil and the Argentine, while two lines are running through the Panama Canal to the Pacific. Norway being a nation possessing big manufacturing plants besides containing large quantities of the different products of those countries to which she exports her produce, finds return cargoes for those ships in raw materials for her factories.

Dried codfish may be produced a little cheaper in Norway than in Newfoundland and the exporter or producer of Norway derives quite a revenue from the roes, heads and sound bones, which are lost to this country. But to my mind the cod fish of Norway will in no way compare with our Newfoundland codfish in favour, and if we make up our minds to cure our product in the best possible way we need have no fear as to our holding our place in the markets.

The split-fish of Norway is dry and clean but it is thin and general.

(Continued on page 4)

## W. P. A.

The Committee appointed to arrange for the sale of property belonging to the Women's Patriotic Association at Waterford Hall, wish to publish the following statement.

Previous to the sale the following list of articles had been sent to Sudbury and Jensen Camp for the use of the invalided soldiers and sailors there the balance being sold by public auction on the 9th and 11th of November.

Sudbury, November 9th.  
Received from the Secretary W.P.A. the undermentioned articles from Waterford Hall:

- 6 Bed Jackets.
- 5 Dressing Gowns.
- 5 Pairs Pyjamas.
- 1 Quilt.
- 25 Feather Pillows.
- 10 Coldstream Guards Blankets.
- 8 Kilted Afghans.
- 3 Pairs Grey Socks.
- 2 Spinnies.
- 5 Bundles Dressings.
- 1 Package Drugs.

On Loan.  
1 Wicker Chair.  
2 Morocco Covered Chairs.  
1 Morris Chair.  
2 Lounges.  
1 Desk.  
1 Cabinet.  
1 Book Case.  
Mrs. Morris's Piano.  
1 Fairbank's Scales.  
1 Billiard Table and Marker.  
1 Electric Sterilizer and Tray.  
(Sgd.) E. TREMILLS, Matron.  
To Jensen Camp.

5 Dressing Gowns.  
5 Bed Jackets.  
6 Pairs Pyjamas.  
7 Afghans.  
And at Mrs. Browning's request:  
12 Woolen Blankets.  
12 Feather Pillows.  
2 Mattresses.

"Vigornia,"  
November 25th, 1920.

Dear Miss MacKay,  
Thank you so much for your part in sending several very necessary articles to W. H. to the Camp. They came in at a most opportune moment.

Yours very sincerely,  
(Sgd.) ADELIN E. BROWNING.  
The net proceeds of the sale amounted to \$1,912.51, which amount with account sales has been handed to the Treasurer of the W.P.A. Trust Fund Committee.

(Sgd.) MARY MACKAY.  
Honorary Secretary.  
MARGARET BURKE.  
Honorary Treasurer.  
MARY MACKEN.  
ALICE M. JOB.

On visiting the premises of S. Milley, Water Street, this morning the whole staff were busy arranging the stock of Fancy Dry Goods, Clothing, Mens' and Boys', for the sale which will begin tomorrow. Virtually the whole of the stock in this leading Water Street establishment has been damaged more or less by water as a result of bursting of the plumbing arrangements on the top flat early yesterday morning. A big sale at slaughter prices will be the result.

## HOTEL ARRIVALS

Guests at the Saloon:—Victor J. Pili, Alabama, U.S.A.; J. W. Saloon, London, England; R. Riggs, Marytown; P. J. McEvoy, St. Jacques; Hon. W. F. Penney, Carbonear; T. J. Cartwright, Springfield; Mr. J. A. Havermale, New York; Mrs. Havermale, New York; Ernest Woodman, New Harbour; Geo. Moore, Heart's Content.

At the Crossie:—C. B. Archibald, West Wabana; Robt. G. Watson, West Wabana; D. A. Fraser, West Wabana; A. Hearn, Bay Bulls; M. Williams, Bay Bulls; E. Simmons, Hr. Grace; Harry Lake, Fortune; J. T. Rose, Harbor Breton; Chas. A. Prince, Fredleton; L. Hutchings, Greenspond; Edith Hutchings, Greenspond.

## In Stock

Beehive and other Woods.  
Sweater Coats.  
Leather Gloves and Mitts.  
Cotton Blankets, White and Grey.  
Lumbermen's Grey Blankets.  
Men's Wool Underwear.  
Men's Fleece Lined Underwear.  
Boys' Fleece Lined Underwear.  
Men's Fleece Top Shirts.

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1ST. FLOOR T. A. HALL.  
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P. O. Box 36.

WHOLESALE ONLY.  
c25, mon, thur, 3 mos.

## Do You Suffer From Bronchial Cough

In Winter? If you do—and very few people escape altogether—here is something that will interest you.

BUCKLEY'S BRONCHITIS MIXTURE is quite beyond ordinary cough medicines in the promptness with which it will cure a severe cough, and prevent further more serious trouble. You should have a bottle in the house, especially if you live out of town, then you may feel safe.

Price 75c.—Carriage Paid 85c.

## T. McMURDO & Co. Ltd.

Chemists since 1823.  
WATER STREET, ST. JOHN'S.  
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	From	St. John's	Halifax to	St. John's
	Liverpool	to Halifax	St. John's	to Liverpool
"SACHEM"	Nov. 30th.	Dec. 9th.	Dec. 19th.	Dec. 23rd.
"DIGBY"	Dec. 11th.	Dec. 20th.	Dec. 29th.	Jan. 2nd.

These steamers are excellently fitted for cabin passengers. Passengers for Liverpool must be in possession of passports. For rates of freight, passage, and other particulars apply to—

## Furness, Withy & Co., Ltd.

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VICTORY FLOUR makes the largest loaf, and satisfies the buyer, once a customer, always a customer.

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Annual Volumes, Picture and Story Books of Wonder and Adventure.

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We have about 35 brls on hand, which we are retailing at

**\$1.00 a Gallon**

Come, Mr. Motor Man and Mr. Auto Man, save your 50c. on a gallon.

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Grocer  
DUCKWORTH ST.

## WALL PAPERS!

WHOLESALE, RETAIL

A new stock, good patterns, at prices which are below the market.

Write for samples and prices. This is one of our leading lines, and we lead all others in style, value, and service.

**ROBERT TEMPLETON,**  
333 Water Street,  
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# The Evening Advocate.

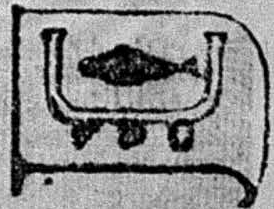
The Evening Advocate.

The Weekly Advocate.

Issued by the Union Publishing Company Limited, Proprietors, from their office, Duckworth Street, three doors West of the Savings Bank.

ALEX. W. MEWS - Editor  
R. HIBBS - Business Manager

Our Motto: "SUUM CUIQUE"



("To Every Man His Own")

Letters and other matter for publication should be addressed to Editor. All business communications should be addressed to the Union Publishing Company, Limited.

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ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, THURSDAY, DEC. 9th, 1920.

## That Ever-Growing Optimism

The casual reader of President Coaker's address to the F. P. U. Convention cannot fail to be struck with the spirit of the founder of this great organization which allows nothing to take his mind away from the ideal of making the F. P. U. business the greatest in Newfoundland. The chain of stores has had several new links added, and next year there will be forty F. P. U. stores, extending from Port de Grave to La Scie. This in itself is a wonderful result from but ten years' work, and shows how sound and firm are the foundations of a business that has sprung up because the fishermen wanted a change from past conditions. The heart of the F. P. U. enterprises at Port Union this year has seen a new salt store of 2000 tons capacity, a coal shed able to take 1,000 tons, a coastal shed and pier, which will make the facilities at this great shipping port up-to-date in every particular. All this construction work makes Port Union a centre of which the Colony can be proud. It marks the beginning of greater development of the country generally, instead of the very inconvenient and backward method of having but one business centre in the Island. The country has been retarded by the idea that all business must be done through St. John's. It left the outports too dependent and did not help their growth. It meant that supplies in the shape of food, etc., must be stored up at certain periods of the year, which also meant that these goods were of limited variety, giving a monotony at meals which is not conducive to health. Nowadays, with stores scattered in every little place, F. P. U. stores and others with stocks of equal variety to the stores at St. John's, the people are living better, they get more variety of food and generally are more interested in the development of the places in which they live. It has remained for Mr. Coaker to extend this development of the outports to a degree which is beyond the wildest dreams of the most confirmed optimist. If anyone, twenty years ago, had told of a new town on the bleak and uninviting shores of Catalina Hr. which would be the centre of a business doing a three and four million dollar business by 1920—he would have been laughed at. And yet in ten years, this has been accomplished. In ten years the business has been built up, and prosperity has shone upon it. It has completed a premises which makes construction work during next year unnecessary, thus enabling the Trading Company to meet the new conditions and be guarded against the readjustment period which will test the business world during the next six months.

Therefore, the shareholders of the Trading Company look forward with confidence to the future. They have faith in the country, they have faith in Mr. Coaker, and while they have memories of the past ten years and the great prosperity which followed the inauguration of the F. P. U., they will face the future, willing to do their share in getting business back to normal, and looking to the day with commodities greatly reduced in price, and their firm leader guarding ever the price of their main product—codfish.

## NOTICE!

Notice is given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Fishermen's Union Trading Co., Ltd., will be held at Port Union the 13th day of December, 1920, at 8 p.m., in the office of the Trading Co., Ltd., at which the following Resolution which was passed at the Annual Meeting held on the 25th day of Nov. 1920 will be submitted for confirmation as a special resolution, viz.:

"That the Capital of the Company be increased from \$250,000 to \$500,000 by the issue of 25,000 shares at \$10.00 each."

By order,

W. W. HALFYARD,  
Secretary.

## HON. W. F. PENNY TELLS OF NORWEGIAN FISHERY METHODS

(Continued from Page 3)  
ly does not show as smooth a face as ours. The No. 1 split fish of Norway is produced along the west and south coasts where the fish is better in flavour and fatter than that caught in the north, and this No. 1 fish is usually selected for the Havana market.

The shipments to Argentine, Brazil and West Indies are usually made in cases and I find a large lot of sunburnt fish is put up as boneless fish in small tins for the West Indies. The shipments to the Pacific are made in tin-lined cases. Stock fish is usually baled in 20 and 40 kilo bundles strapped with wire, while the ends are covered with brin upon which the address is stencilled as well as the shipper's name.

The seal fishery of Norway was prosecuted with a great deal more energy during the war than before and a great many vessels were added to the fleet. I was very much disappointed in looking over those vessels, as I expected to find some very large steamers of very strong build, similar to our fleet, but, indeed, I found a fleet which consisted chiefly of motor craft from 60 to 100 tons, while there were some small steamers. Those wooden craft were just sheathed round the bows with sheet iron.

Those ships start out early in April from Tromsø and Hammerfest, nearly 150 sail, and they continue the voyage for three, four or five months sometimes, the length of the voyage depending upon its success. Those vessels prosecuted the voyage during the war in the White Sea and some of them, last season, made two trips, as the Russians were not operating, but previously to that they were debarred from those grounds and they were not allowed to take any young seals. These craft are only crewed with 16 to 20 or at most 24 men, and with three, four or five boats and while the vessels lay off the floe the gunners are put on the ice to snoot the seals. The pelts are taken on board and skinned, the fat being put in casks or tanks, while the skins are salted.

Those vessels sailed over to the coasts of Spitzbergen, Iceland and Greenland, but never entered the floe. At Tromsø I saw large quantities of skins and walrus hides in salt, the product of nearly two seasons' catch, and I was told that although the catch for last season was over 100,000 skins, the voyage was not a paying one.

A market for those skins, which were hoods principally, was found in Germany before the war, but since there was no money to be obtained from that country, and France and England had now taken some, but the complaint was that prices were low. This seal blubber was just steamed and pressed for the oil which found its way to one or the other of two hard oil factories.

I do not know that it would be wise for me to attempt a description of the canning industries, but a large quantity of all kinds of fish is tinned principally bristling and small herring. There are a great many different methods of putting up herring and there are large stocks of all kinds of tinned fish held in Norway at the present time. As to the herring fisheries, the fisheries department says about two million barrels of herring are caught annually and seeing the numerous steamers and outfits in purse and seines, nets, boats, etc., for the prosecution of this fishery, one can understand that this estimate of the catch is no exaggeration. There appears to be a perfect chain of herring factories around the whole coast line of Norway and the product of these factories are herring oil, herring cur, and fertilizer. All kinds of herring are accepted at those factories, small, medium and large, fresh, stale, it does not matter so long as they are herring. The calculation is that

those herring yield 15% of their bulk in oil and the process is to steam the herring in tanks to extract the oil, to press the pulp for more oil and then dry the pressings and grind it for flour and fertilizer. While this fertilizer is a valuable product the flour as a feed for animals is reckoned more valuable still. Horses, cows, hogs and poultry are fed with this flour and they thrive upon it immensely. The horses get very few oats with this herring flour while they perform the hardest of labour and are in the pink of condition. The oil is valuable and is always delivered at one or the other of the hard oil factories, which treat it to hydrogen and turn out products which it is difficult to make one believe have any connection with herring. The products of one of those hard oil factories have no comparison with the other.

By a stroke of good luck, perhaps, more than anything else, I was entertained by the directors of the factory known as De-No-Fa, situated at Frederikstad, on the Glommond River, some 50 to 60 miles south east of Kristiania. I had met one of the directors through the introduction by a friend, and having obtained a crude idea of what a "hard oil factory" meant I managed to get him interested in the products of the Newfoundland fisheries, particularly oils. This gentleman in turn interested the managing director and an invitation to me to visit the factory was the result. I must say that I was amazed when the factory was pointed out to me, for it was an immense plant, the site covering 30 acres, while the store pier along the bank of the river extended 300 yards. This factory was operated with electric power and 6 large steam furnaces. Fifty thousand tons of oil were treated annually, and the demand for its products exceeded the supply. The electrical power was used to produce the hydrogen, while the steam heat was used in connection with the oil.

In the production of hydrogen a good deal of oxygen was obtained at the same time, which was separated from the hydrogen and became a waste or by-product, the whole of which could not be profitably disposed of, and the most expensive machinery was employed in this operation. The electrical dynamos and transformers were immense, as were the solid tanks for the storage of hydrogen and oxygen. There were storage tanks for 15,000 tons of oil from five to one hundred tons each.

The most up-to-date methods for handling coal cargoes and oil cargoes, both bulk and barreled, were here, floating. Whale factories from the South Pacific brought their cargoes here which were pumped into the tanks at the rate of a hundred tons per hour. The six large furnaces were fed automatically with coals and the supply for each furnace was weighed automatically as it was fed.

The barreled oil was brought from the pier to the factory and emptied into chutes by machinery. The contents of every tank was weighed as it passed over a weigh bridge from one tank and process to another. It was one vast pumping, stirring and straining mechanism, until the oil was brought into contact with the hydrogen and then it was returned to a casking room a different product altogether and when cooled off formed a solid as white as snow.

Samples of the different products were set to cool and I was asked to taste some snow white lard which I did, and to my mind the most delicate palette could never connect this lard with herring, for it was absolutely neutral and yet it was the product of herring oil.

When I was taken to the staff house for a wash, I was given a white powder instead of soap to wash with, and afterwards I was asked how I liked the soap. It ap-

peared to be different from all other soaps, and lathered perfectly. Then I was told that two years ago this was a waste product of the factory but their research department chemists had converted it into this powder which was now the most valuable and best paying of its products. This is the one powder which is used to cleanse the very finest of wools successfully and not injure the wool in the washing. This powder alone must now return a large part of the running expenses of the factory.

A parcel of samples, both of the oils and the products obtained from them, has been shipped from this factory and I trust will reach us in a short while and will no doubt be placed upon exhibition when received.

I have the idea that the establishment of a few herring factories at places where herring resort around our coast and a hard oil factory to treat our oils would mean a great deal to Newfoundland and would revolutionize a great part of our business. We would no longer be seeking a market for barreled salt herring nor for the bulk of our crude oils. We have the water power to develop the electricity for the factor; the herring to provide the herring oil, fertilizer, and herring flour are with us, while we have seal oil and other oils as well for the factory to convert into valuable products.

Most of us have already seen and partaken of the products of this Denofa factory, but it would not be

wise for me to tell you how they have come to us nor in what form. But I trust you will know later.

The following ships are at the Reid Nfld. Co's pier S.S. Malakoff, S.S. Pelican, S.S. Turret Court, S.S. Castle Point and Commandant Roquigny. The schrs. Jean Dundonald Duff and schr. Clutha.

## DISORDERS IN CORK.

LONDON, Dec. 8.—A brief despatch received from Cork late to-night says there was a general hold-up of the public in the streets of Cork by auxiliary police this evening. Firing was heard in various parts of the city. A man leaving a church was shot dead. There was much alarm in the streets which were quickly deserted.

## C.C.C. SEMI-ANNUAL 'AT HOME' TO-NIGHT, at 8.30 p.m.

### Full Cadet Band

Distinguished patronage of H. E. the Governor and His Grace the Archbishop.

Tickets:—Double, \$2.00, Gents, \$1.50, Ladies, \$1.00 (including supper), on sale at Parker & Monroe's (both stores), P. O'Mara, Blue Puttee, H. Pedigrew, Chas. Hutton, Royal Stationery, Nfld. Wholesale Dry Goods, and from all the Officers.

COME ALONG GENTLEMEN AND BRING YOUR LADY FRIENDS.

## G. W. V. A.

There will be a General Meeting of the Great War Veterans' Association held in the T. A. Armoury on FRIDAY, DECEMBER 10th, at 8.15 p.m. SHARP.

Business:—Election of Officers for the ensuing year.

ALL COMRADES ARE REQUESTED TO ATTEND.  
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# Spars For Sale!

The Union Trading Company has a large number of

## Douglass PINE SPARS

for sale at Port Union---all sizes and lengths.

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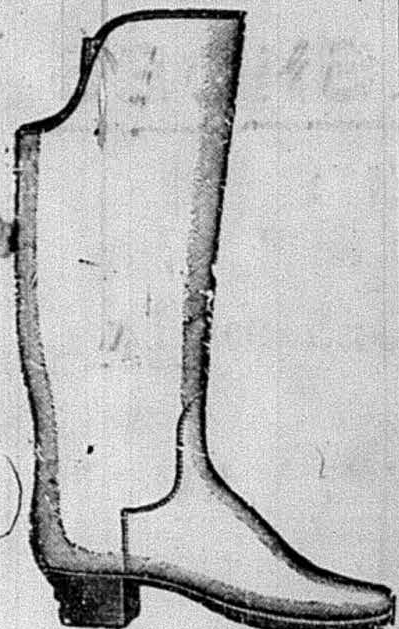
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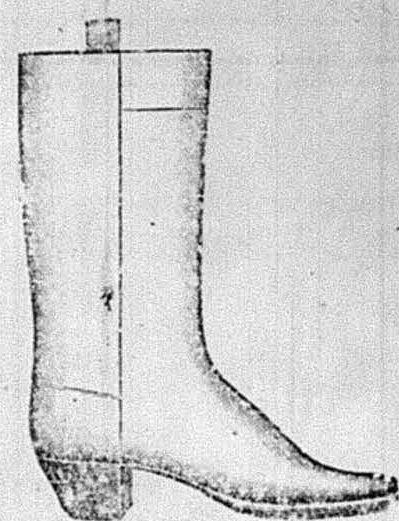


# Fishermen! Much Expected From Labor Mission to Ireland

Fishermen! Get Smallwood's Hand-made, waterproof Boots. These Boots are made of all Solid Leather and double wear in each pair.



MEN'S HIGH TONGUE BOOTS.  
MEN'S LOW TONGUE BOOTS.



HAND-MADE WELLINGTON BOOTS.  
TONGUE WELLINGTON BOOTS.  
HIGH THREE-QUARTER BOOTS.  
LOW THREE-QUARTER BOOTS.



MEN'S 16 INCH HIGH LACED BOOTS.  
MEN'S 14 INCH HIGH LACED BOOTS.  
MEN'S 12 INCH HIGH LACED BOOTS.  
MEN'S LOW WATERPROOF TONGUE LACED BOOTS.



Boys Storm Shoes

BOYS' 8 INCH HIGH LACED BOOTS, SEWED SOLES.

BOYS' 8 INCH HIGH LACED BOOTS, BOYS' 10 INCH HIGH LACED BOOTS, PEGGED SOLES.

Buy Leather Boots, they wear longer and are more healthy than Rubber Footwear. Leather Boots are warm PEGGED SOLES.

and more comfortable to walk in than Rubber Boots.

Leather Boots are more easily repaired than Rubber Boots.

Mail orders receive prompt attention.

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215 & 220 WATER STREET.  
The Home of Good Shoes

TO OUR CORRESPONDENTS

Letters for publication in this paper should be marked plainly "FOR THE EVENING ADVOCATE." Correspondents will please note this. Letters from readers are always welcomed.

(British Wireless.)

There are signs of a more hopeful atmosphere in Ireland. Sinn Fein Extremists are beginning to recognize the futility of recent tactics and moderate people know that as every day murders continue, friends of Ireland in the rest of the United Kingdom grow fewer in numbers. The public authorities in Ireland, as already indicated show in the last few days a new disposition in regard to the ministrations of law. There is in fact very indication throughout country of desire to put end to assassination and to send leaders of all sections or Irish thought to conference room once more. It is believed that Labor mission is working along last named line. Arthur Henderson, Head of Mission, yesterday visited Cardinal Logue. The Primate expressed himself as being deeply anxious for cessation of acts of violence and for establishment of truce during which in cleaner and calmer atmosphere discussions could proceed with view to arrangement of honourable settlement of problem of Irish Government. Most important week end development however came from Reverend Michael O'Flanagan Acting President of Sinn Fein.

Newspapers attach importance to the fact that Henderson who visited Premier before proceeding to Ireland returns to London to-day leaving Adamson in charge of Labour's future inquiries in Dublin. Belief is expressed that both Henderson and Adamson possess mediatory powers. Lloyd George in House of Commons to-day studiously left open door for negotiations. Replying to series of questions on Irish affairs he stated that O'Flanagan's telegram has only arrived an hour earlier and he had not considered reply that would be made to it. The Government, he added were willing to discuss with anybody who could speak with authority on any question which would bring peace to Ireland. As result of very recent conversations in London it has been emphasised that beyond three hundred and fifty thousand tons of coal annually guaranteed to Italy by British Government, Italy is at liberty to compete with other prospective purchasers for exporting surplus. Reference to political status of Egypt is subject by Lord Milner in preface to new edition of his book "England in Egypt". That it should be possible to complete so large measure of independence as is now proposed for Egypt he writes: "Is surely most striking tribute to efficacy of Great Britain's reforming work." He disputes view expressed by critics that proposals of Milner Commission involve abandonment of objects hitherto pursued by Britain in Egypt. Establishment of Egypt as Independent State in intimate alliance with Great Britain so far from being reversal of policy with which Britain set out, he says would be consummation of it. That Britain should attempt these changes at all he adds is evidence at once of good faith and confidence in soundness of work which she has

## American Hall of Fame

Mark Twain Among The Immortals.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7. The fifth quinquennial election to the American Hall of Fame has resulted in the choice from among 177 names submitted of the following six MARK TWAIN, the distinguished author.

JAMES BUCHANAN EADS, a famous engineer. Among his feats were the invention of a diving bell, the construction of ironclads at the outbreak of the Civil War, and the deepening of the channel at the mouth of the Mississippi.

PATRICK HENRY, statesman of the War of Independence, notable for his oratory. One of his sayings most quoted is "Give me liberty or give me death."

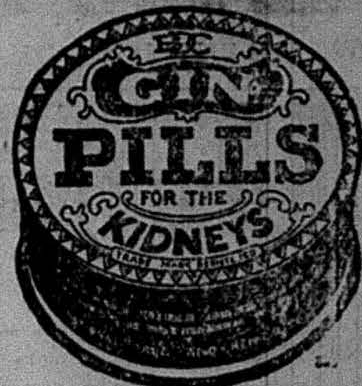
WILLIAM THOMAS GREENE MORTON, physician, the discoverer of the anaesthetic properties of ether.

AUGUSTUS SAINT GAUDENS, the great sculptor.

ROGER WILLIAMS, a pioneer, founder of the State of Rhode Island, whose zeal for freedom of conscience was admired by Milton, his friend, who described him as "that noble confessor of religious liberty." Of the 27 women nominated, one Alice Freeman Palmer the educationist, was chosen.

Among those rejected are Grover Cleveland, Walt Whitman, Whistler, Martha Washington, John Brown, Paul Jones and H. M. Stanley.

Do you want to tell the Fishermen what you have for sale? Well then, put your ad in THE FISHMEN'S PAPER.



## HEAVY INCREASE OVER LAST YEAR

Wheat Crop of France Estimated at 232,729,480 Bushels.

OTTAWA, Nov. 24—This year's wheat crop in France, according to official advices, will compare favorably with that of Canada and will show a heavy increase over last year. For 1920 the estimated wheat crops of the two countries are:

France, 232,729,480 bushels.  
Canada, 239,498,00 bushels.

The yield per acre in France is 19.1 bushels as compared with 16.5 bushels in Canada.

Last year's wheat crop in France was 182,488,348 bushels.

## Lord Leverhulme Reaches New York

Declines to be Interviewed Regarding Portrait Incident.

New York, Nov. 27—Lord Leverhulme, English soap manufacturer and builder of Port Sunlight, famous model town, who added to his renown some weeks ago by decapitating the portrait of himself painted by Augustus John, slipped into New York unobserved last week and is living "in retirement" at the Hotel Plaza, declining to be interviewed.

The Peer has been one of the central figures of a very interesting storm since the days when his beheaded portrait, frame and all was sent back to the artist. One of the greatest painters in England. This act occasioned more excitement than Lord Leverhulme's six hour working day theory did a year ago. The aggrieved artist sued his subject for damages, famous colleagues of John expressed their astonishment and an effigy of the Lord was carried through the streets by art students and burned in Hyde Park. The furore penetrated as far as Italy, where all artists stopped work for a day as a protest.

Lord Leverhulme is alleged to have explained that he cut off the head of his portrait because the canvas was too big to fit in his safe.

## Coal Oil Light TEN DAYS FREE

Make your home bright and cheerful, saving one-half on all Government and leading University tests. This new Aladdin lamp burns five times as long as any other lamp. It is the most efficient and economical lamp ever made. No oil, smoke or noise. No danger of explosion. Guaranteed. Prove for yourself, without risk, by **Ten Nights Free Trial**. That Aladdin has no equal as a household light. If not satisfied, return at our expense. Send your name and address to **FREE TRIAL OFFER** and learn how to get your **FREE TRIAL**. **WANT LAMP CO., 251 Alameda, San Francisco, Cal.** Make big money saving on fuel bills. Our new oil lamp makes cooking, heating, and lighting so easy and economical. Write now for the free trial and Aladdin will be yours for ten days without cost.

## Archbishop's Rebuke

NEW YORK, Nov. 30—Archbishop Patrick J. Hayes made public last night a long statement in reply to a protest of a number of prominent Catholics against the attack on the Union Club on Thanksgiving Day by Sinn Fein sympathizers, in which he declares that he "has neither apology to make or regret to express to a very small group of Catholics who, in violation of the most elementary rule of ordinary politeness among well bred people, have seen fit to address me through the medium of the public press."

The letter to the archbishop, which was published in several New York newspapers, was signed by sixty Cath-

olics. It protested particularly against what it termed the infusion of politics into the Catholic Church on the Irish question. Alfred J. Talley, assistant district attorney, on behalf of the Catholic Club, yesterday issued a letter protesting against the action of the sixty Catholics in writing the original protest.

Archbishop Hayes said the signers of the protest "are guilty of as nice a piece of church Bolshevism as I ever expect to look upon again."

If any subscriber does not receive his paper regularly please send in name, address and particulars of same so that the error may be rectified.

# ASTONISHING VALUES



## All this season's COATINGS REDUCED

Some of them just arrived and have not seen the light.

IMITATION PERSIAN LAMB, 56" wide. Regular \$10.00. Now...\$8.75

DARK GREY HEAVY COATINGS, 56" wide. Reg. \$7.50. Now...\$6.60

HEATHER MIXTURE, 56" wide. Regular \$7.50. Now...\$6.60

NAVY'S ERGE, 56" wide. Regular \$8.50. Now...\$7.50

LIGHT GREY BLANKET CLOTH, 72" wide. Reg. \$5.80. Now...\$4.80

MACKINAW CLOTH, Grey and Black. Regular \$5.30. Now...\$4.60

## Men's Wool Underwear

All stock including Stanfield's and other Canadian and Local Knit Underwear has been reduced to a remarkable Low figure.

HEAVY RIBBED, well finished. Regular \$2.70. Now...\$2.25

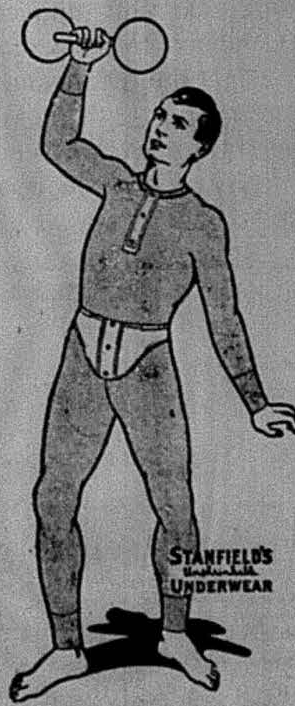
" " " " " \$3.20. Now...\$2.75

" " " " " \$3.75. Now...\$3.00

" " " " " \$4.40. Now...\$3.50

JOB LINE, Odd Sizes. Regular \$2.50. Now...\$2.00

See the great Values of Ladies' FURS and HATS, all at 20 Per Cent. Off which will give you a wonderful bargain



The Home of the Stylish Hat

# ANDERSON'S

The Home of the Stylish Hat



## "Excel" Boots For Fishermen.



DOUBLE WEAR IN EACH PAIR.

"EXCEL" RUBBER BOOTS are the only Boots on the market made "all in one piece." Guaranteed not to crack or break. Solid-tire tread sole. Pure live Rubber in legs, reinforced, prevents chafing and wrinkling.

Sold By All Reliable Dealers, Or From

**PAKER & MONROE, LIMITED.**  
DISTRIBUTORS.

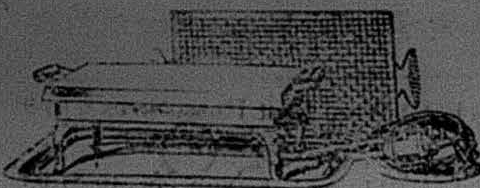
## ELECTRIC SPECIALTIES

IRONS  
TOASTERS  
HEATERS  
COOKERS  
KETTLES  
PERCOLATORS  
BED WARMERS  
FANS

CHEAPER THAN COAL

Can be attached to any lamp socket

House work made easy



**Wm. Nosworthy, Ltd.,**  
Water St. West

## For Winter Fishing.

10,000 Gross TRAWL HOOKS—  
MUSTADS, the reliable kind  
SPLITTERS.  
Green River SHEATH KNIVES.  
BAIT CHOPPERS.  
DORY ROLLERS, Patent and Common.

**Harris & Elliott, Ltd**

WHOLESALE HARDWARE DEALERS.  
Jan 21, 1 yr. tue. thor. sat

## SCOTLAND.

Twenty-seven Auchtermuchty men were killed in the war, and a monument has been erected at the public cross in their memory.

Gorged to death by a bull was the fate of a farmer of Burnside, Longforgan, Carse O'Gowrie. He had entered a field to feed some cattle when the bull charged him.

After forty years' service Mrs. Ellen Stewart, headmistress of Ochiltree Public School, has retired. She was the recipient of many handsome presents from her pupils and former pupils.

Medals were presented to two Dundee firemen by Mr. Winston Churchill in the Duke's Theatre. The medals were in recognition of their courageous service in a fire which broke out on one of his Majesty's ships during the war.

A Bronze Portrait medallion of Rev. John Chalmers, M.A., minister of the North (Peter Memorial) U.F. Church Stirling, was unveiled in the church at a gathering held to mark the Rev. Mr. Chalmers' ministerial jubilee.

Stealing water may sound absurd. Nevertheless, this is what thieves did at a Lanarkshire hotel recently. The proprietor, owing to a burglar scare filled some whiskey bottles with water and substituted them for the original goods, thereby fooling the thieves.

Berwick Town Council has decided to take no further action in applying for powers to extend the burgh boundaries to embrace the parish of Ord and a portion of Scremerston. It is felt that the time is not yet opportune for embarking on fresh capital expenditure.

A party of armed men who were drilling on the outskirts of Bothwell Lanarkshire, were surprised by the police during the fog. Shots were fired and one officer was seriously injured. The men scattered in various directions, but the next day the police made several arrests.

Train wreckers were apparently busy on the Caledonian Railway, near West Calder, recently. A piece of steel was found clamped on the top of the rail. It took a chisel and a crowbar to dislodge it. Fortunately it had been placed on the lower rail over which no trains had passed.

Leaving one minute before time one man escaped death at Wemyss Bay. A retaining wall collapsed and eight workmen were buried beneath the debris. Two of the men died at the hospital from their injuries, while a third is in a serious condition. The other five men are improving satisfactorily.

Abraham Lincoln's tailor, Mr. Geo. Silker, died recently at Ayr, at the advanced age of 102. A refugee from France, he fought in the American Civil War. He later returned to his own country and fought in the Franco-Prussian War. Although he could speak and write seven languages, he died in poverty.

A wild scene was enacted in a Dundee street the other night. A couple were quarrelling in their house, and as the woman went outside her husband followed her. There the quarrel was renewed, and the husband, in a fit of frenzy, drew a razor across the woman's mouth. The woman was taken to a hospital where it was found that though serious the injuries were not fatal.

Trapped in a burning mine, twenty miners were in a serious predicament at the Kinglassie Colliery, Fife, recently. Fire broke out in the distributing chamber underground and spread, cutting off the men's escape. Rescue parties from Bowhill and Crowdenboth effected a passage through the isolated workers, and saved them after they had been imprisoned four hours.

Robert G. Fraser, a Rear-Admiral, died suddenly at Whinnicknowe, Nairn. He was a son of Captain John Fraser, of the Royal Navy, a member of the family of the Frasers of Culduel, Inverness-shire. When a young lad Admiral Fraser joined the navy, in which he had a distinguished career, being promoted for his services in China during the disturbances there.

Carlisle House, Carnoustie, was completely gutted by fire recently and the damage done is estimated at about \$75,000. While a plumber was working near a gas-pipe a terrific explosion occurred, due, it is supposed, to a leakage, and he sustained severe burns. The flames spread rapidly, and although the assistance of Dundee Fire Brigade was called, practically nothing could be done to save the front portion of the house.

## AN ENGLISH WOMAN STEEPLEJACK.



"Mrs. Steeplejack" dressed in overalls in which she goes aloft to help her husband. She has just descended from work on top of a 165-foot chimney at Pluckley, Kent.

## INDUSTRIES URGE PROTECTION LAWS

Ministers Are Besieged by Nervous Interests for Legislative Action.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—The heaviest possible pressure is being brought to bear upon the ministers this week to legislate forthwith to appease the growing anxiety in industrial circles. Lloyd George, Bonar Law, Sir Robert Horne, President of the Board of Trade, have each in turn been approached by influential parliamentary and business deputations to carry out immediately their election pledges to pass measures against dumping, and to safeguard key industries, such as dyes, magnetos, etc., which the War proved indispensable to Britain's security.

**Result of Pressure.**  
The result of all this pressure is nil, so far as immediate legislation is concerned. At most, the ministers have been induced to promise, in first place next session, to anti-dumping and key industries bills, though they have still under consideration the possibility of adopting before Christmas two minor measures on lines which would not provoke an acute controversy between tariff reformers and free traders. One of these immediate-agreed measures, which the Government has not yet promised to adopt would probably provide a licensing import system for dyes, somewhat similar to that now working in the United States. The object would be to insure dyes which the new British dye industry can make; it would not be killed by cheaper German and other foreign dye importations while on the other hand, licenses can be granted to these German and other foreign dyes which the British industry is not yet capable of producing. The other suggested agreed measure would empower the Board of Trade to

compel the importers of German, Austrian and other foreign goods to market the country of origin plainly upon each article.

**Difference in Prices.**  
For instance, German glass tumblers are now selling in London shops at four shillings per dozen, whereas the corresponding British article costs twenty-two shillings. The proposal which the Government is now considering would tell every British housewife whether or not she is buying German glass or German gloves, or other German commodities.

Managers of large stores say at least two-thirds of their customers would refuse to touch imported goods under these conditions, while what patriotic Englishman would be expected to tolerate drinking wine or ginger ale out of a glass, the bottom of which, as the liquid disappeared, showed plainly: "Made in Germany."

**Problems of Exchange.**  
As regards the next sessions contemplated legislation, the gravest difficulty arises, not from so-called dumping, but from the present condition of exchange business points out that to equalize conditions would require a duty of 125 per cent. in the case of Germany; 48 per cent. in the case of Austria; 62 per cent. in the case of Poland; 122 per cent. in the case of Bohemia; 292 per cent. in the case of Italy; 131 per cent. in the case of France. These duties, moreover, would have to be operated by sliding scale to meet fluctuations from day to day.

It is easy to predict that the adoption of any such method, if it lasted no longer as three months, would result in no imports—therefore, no exports.

WINDERMERE.

## FIX STOMACH RIGHT UP

"Pape's Diapepsin" at once ends Indigestion, Gases, Sourness, Acidity

You don't want a slow remedy when your stomach is bad—or an uncertain one—or a harmful one—your stomach is too valuable; you mustn't injure it with drastic drugs.

When your meals don't fit and you feel uncomfortable, when you belch gases, acids or raise sour, undigested food. When you feel lumps of indigestion pain, heartburn or headache, from acidity, just eat a tablet of Pape's Diapepsin and the stomach distress is gone.

Millions of people know the magic of Pape's Diapepsin as an antacid. They know that indigestion and disordered stomach are so needless. The relief comes quickly, no disappointment, and they cost so little too.

## MORE SHIPS THAN CARGOES

(Portland Oregonian.)

The slump in the shipping business has disappointed the hopes of those who expected full occupation for the world's entire fleet for several years after the war. This was expected to be necessary in order to supply material for reconstruction of war-ravaged countries and to supply the needs of the peoples who had perforce gone without many things that they had considered indispensable. Apparently reconstruction is being effected with materials produced at home, or is carried on at leisurely pace, and the impoverished nations have learned to do without many things and have accommodated themselves to a lower standard of living. Economic confusion contributes to this condition, and the panic in Japan has aggravated it.

Advertise In The "Advocate"

## NOTICE!

To Fishermen, Lumbermen and the General Public I wish to announce that we have in our shop the only Vulcanizing Machine in Newfoundland made for the sole purpose of Vulcanizing. Soles and Heels on rubbers and gaiters or any other part of the rubber. We do not do it in the old fashioned way by cementing the rubber on. We bake the new rubber into the old and put the design on the sole the same as when it left the factory. We guarantee our work, and if not satisfactory return it and we will do it over.

We also sharpen Hatchets, Axes and Butcher's Knives, also staves sharpened attached to boots.

Give us a trial and be convinced. Outport work given special attention. Come in and see the machine working.

Yours truly,

**J. McKINLAY,**

LINE STREET, ST. JOHN'S.

nov29,ed,2wks

## NOTICE!

The Board of Governors of the St. John's Hospital will require on and after the 1st January, 1921, a capable accountant with a general knowledge of business. The office will demand intelligence as well as a good, sound education. Applications for the position will be received up to Friday, the 10th day of December, to be addressed

**H. M. MOSDELL,**

Acting Secretary.

General Hospital,  
27th November, 1920.

nov27,ed,todec9

## Cold Storage Capacity 6,000,000 POUNDS

FROZEN  
SALMON,  
HALIBUT,  
TURBOT,

Frozen Fish takes time to thaw in cold water to be perfect. A salmon takes about 12 hours.

Frozen Fish is as good as fresh fish if properly handled.

COD'S HEADS,  
CAPLIN,  
HERRING,  
COD FILLETS,  
COD.

**NEWFOUNDLAND ATLANTIC FISHERIES, LIMITED.**  
WHOLESALE ONLY. ST. JOHN'S.

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## WEDDING RINGS

—AND—

## Engagement Rings

Consult us before you buy elsewhere as the quality and prices of these rings are not equaled in St. John's to-day.

Our guarantee protects you and assures you of getting the best your money can buy.

**ROPER & THOMPSON,**

Watchmakers, Jewellers and Marine Opticians.

258 Water Street. . . . . Phone 375.

## Just Arrived!

A fresh stock of

**LIBBY'S PEACH JAM**

Put up in 1 lb. tins

AT ALL GROCERS

**Libby, McNeill & Libby**

READ THE "EVENING ADVOCATE"

ADVERTISE in the "ADVOCATE"



## AIDE IN RED CROSS ROLL CALL



Mrs. Joseph Cudahy, of Chicago, who is earnestly at work to obtain 400,000 new members.

## SCOTLAND SEEKING SELF-GOVERNMENT

GLASGOW, Oct. 30.—"Self-Government for Scotland" is what the newspapers call a topical subject. It is in line with self-determination, and the freedom of peoples to choose the way in which their affairs shall be managed up to the world when the Allies in the late war announced that they were fighting for the right of small nationalities to live, and when they drew up the terms of the Treaty of Peace with Germany. It is also to some extent, in line with the aspirations of the Sinn Feiners in Ireland—with a difference, a very important difference. The real Sinn Feiners are out for an Irish Republic, as separate from Great Britain in its Government as the United States, or Poland, or Lithuania, or any of the small European States which have obtained their independence as a result of the war.

What Scotland, or rather some people in Scotland, call for is self-government within the Empire, the right to arrange its own local affairs, and to make laws suitable for its own peculiar life and its own peculiar conditions. Nobody in Scotland wants separation from England in the Sinn Fein sense of the term.

### Self-Government Movement Growing.

The movement in favor of local self-government is, however, growing in strength. It has become so definite that the Committee of the Convention of Royal and Parliamentary Burghs have actually been discussing a draft scheme. This scheme provides for National or State legislatures subordinate to, but separate from, the Imperial Parliament for England, Scotland and Wales. Significantly enough the name of Ireland is omitted in the published references to the proposals. Evidently the Committee think it best to leave Ireland out meantime, because neither they nor anybody else know what sort of Government Ireland is to have in the more or less near future, or what its relation to

the Empire is to be. So the Committee content themselves with suggesting that in the local Scottish Parliament there should be double the number of members at present representing Scotland in the Imperial Parliament, that the Scottish Parliament should have transferred to it all powers required for dealing with Scottish affairs, including the supervision of the liquor trade, the working of the land laws, the imposition of house and land taxes, and a good many other things.

### Many Details Involved.

This leaves a great deal to be arranged in the way of details, but once the principle of local self-government is conceded, there should be no difficulty in working out details, especially as there are absolutely no extremist demands for more than the management of business peculiar to Scotland. What is more, there will be no difficulty about obtaining concession of the principle. England will be only too glad to have Scottish business transferred from London to Edinburgh—or even to Glasgow. But for the way in which the case for self-government has been prejudiced by the separatists in England, Scotland could have, and quite likely would have, had Home Rule long ago. Much harm has also been done by the advocates of Scottish Home Rule themselves. They have concentrated on Bannockburn and the iniquities of the deal with England under which the Scottish Parliament was abolished; and they have tried to fan the flames of patriotism by living in the past and railing at the predominant partner. These things do not appeal to us now-a-days, proud though we are of our historic past. Local control of local affairs on modern lines does appeal to us strongly, and this can be obtained without harking back to any of our ancient grievances, and without extolling continually the patriotism of hundreds of years ago.

Canadian Cattle Question. There are plenty of present-day wrongs to be righted, and a Scottish Parliament would not find itself out of work for quite a long time. There is, for example, the apparently interminable Canadian cattle question. It has been up again in the Imperial Parliament in London—raised by the member for Montrose. But we are no further forward than we were. The Ministry of Agriculture (concerned mostly with England, of course) is "aware of the desire for the admission of store cattle from Canada on the part of certain agriculturists," but finds that there is "a marked lack of unanimity on the part of agriculturists in Scotland with regard to the matter." So the Government "do not propose to introduce the new legislation which would be necessary to remove the existing embargo." It is curious that this alleged "lack of unanimity" is so difficult to discover in Scotland itself. Such as it is, the opposition is confined to a few interests which would be individually affected, while it is also alleged that the Government do not wish to get up against breeders of cattle in Ireland by allowing Canada to compete with them. One thing is certain—a purely Scottish Parliament would soon have removed the embargo—so far as Scotland itself was concerned.

### Dye It Right!

#### "Diamond Dyes"

Don't Risk Materials in Poor Dyes that Fade or Run



Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple that any woman can diamond-dye a new, rich, fadeless color into worn, shabby garments, draperies, coverings, everything, whether wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods.

Buy "Diamond Dyes"—no other kind—then perfect results are guaranteed even if you have never dyed before. Druglist has color card, showing 16 rich colors.

# FOLLOW THE CROWD

TO

## Steer Brothers Sale

Where Values are Unbeatable  
Our Big 20 Per Cent-Off-Sale Still Going Strong

THE INTEREST AND ENTHUSIASM SHOWN DURING SALE HAS GREATLY EXCEEDED OUR EXPECTATIONS.

EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS IN SHOWROOM—Ladies' and Children's Winter Coats, Hats and Fur of half price. The purchasing power of your dollar assumes larger proportions.

REMEMBER OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF DRY GOODS AT ONE-FIFTH OFF.

The only exceptions being RUBBER FOOTWEAR, WOOLS AND TRUNKS. Of these we will continue to give 10 per cent.

### Great Bargains in Showroom

WINTER COATS, HATS AND FURS, AT HALF PRICE.

#### LADIES' CLOTH COATS

Plush and Fur Trimmed:

Reg. \$27.00. Half price...\$13.50  
Reg. \$30.00. Half price...\$15.00  
Reg. \$35.00. Half price...\$17.50  
Reg. \$37.50. Half price...\$18.75  
Reg. \$45.00. Half price...\$22.50  
Reg. \$55.00. Half price...\$27.50

Black Plush Coats:

Reg. \$60.00. Half price...\$30.00  
Reg. \$65.00. Half price...\$32.50

Colored Plush and Velvet Coats:

Reg. \$24.00. Half price...\$12.00  
Reg. \$32.00. Half price...\$16.00  
Reg. \$37.50. Half price...\$18.75  
Reg. \$40.00. Half price...\$20.00  
Reg. \$42.50. Half price...\$21.25

Black Caracul Coats:

Reg. \$20.00. Half price...\$10.00  
Reg. \$37.50. Half price...\$18.75  
Reg. \$45.00. Half price...\$22.50

### FUR SETS

In Black Manchurian Wolf, Marmot, Taupe Wolf, Golden Fox, Natural Coon, ALL AT HALF PRICE.

### LADIES' and MISSES' HATS

In Velvet, Velour, Beaver, etc. Prices cut in two.

### Big Values in Our Boot Dept.

#### MEN'S

Black Kangaroo Blucher.

Good, solid work boot. Reg. \$6.00.  
Less 20 per cent. ...\$4.80

Dark Tan Grained Blucher.

Reg. \$7.00. Less 20 per cent \$5.60

High Cut Dark Tan Blucher.

Reg. \$13.00. Less 20%...\$10.40

Black Gunmetal Calf Blucher.

Reg. \$8.50. Less 20%...\$6.80  
Reg. \$11.50. Less 20%...\$9.20  
Reg. \$14.50. Less 20%...\$11.60  
Reg. \$15.50. Less 20%...\$12.40

Dark Tan Calf Blucher

Reg. \$10.50. Less 20%...\$8.40  
Reg. \$15.50. Less 20%...\$12.40

Dark Tan Calf Bals.

Reg. \$11.00. Less 20%...\$8.80  
Reg. \$13.50. Less 20%...\$10.80

#### LADIES'

Vici Kid Laced, Spool Heel.

Reg. \$4.50. Less 20 per cent \$3.60  
Reg. \$5.50. Less 20 per cent \$4.40  
Reg. \$6.00. Less 20 per cent \$4.80  
Reg. \$7.00. Less 20 per cent \$5.60

Vici Laced, Military Heel

Reg. \$10.50. Less 20%...\$8.40  
Reg. \$14.00. Less 20%...\$11.20

Gunmetal Laced, Low Heel

Reg. \$7.50. Less 20 per cent \$6.00

Gunmetal Laced, Cuban Heel

Reg. \$8.00. Less 20 per cent \$6.40

Gunmetal Laced, Military Heel

Reg. \$11.00. Less 20%...\$8.80

Brown Vici Cloth, Top Spool Heel

Reg. \$6.00. Less 20 per cent \$4.80

Brown Calf Cloth, Top Military.

Reg. \$10.00. Less 20%...\$8.00

Brown Vici Laced, Military Heel

Reg. \$12.50. Less 20%...\$10.00

### Men's Readymade Dept.

SUITS AND OVERCOATS of Style and quality.

Fine Tweed and Cashmere Suits:

All good, neat patterns. Usual price \$15. to \$45.00.

Less 20 per cent ...\$12.00 to \$36.00

Navy Serge Suits:

Usual price ...\$20.00 to \$50.00

Less 20 per cent. ...\$16.00 to \$40.00

OVERCOATS

All well tailored, single and double breasted, with and without belt.

Usual price...\$25.00 to \$55.00

Less 20 per cent ...\$20.00 to \$44.00

### MEN'S SWEATER COATS

In Popular Shades of Brown and Khaki.

Usual price \$3.00. Less 20 per cent...\$2.40

Usual price \$3.50. Less 20 per cent...\$2.80

Usual price \$4.00. Less 20 per cent...\$3.20

Usual price \$4.50. Less 20 per cent...\$3.60

Usual price \$6.00. Less 20 per cent...\$4.80

Usual price \$7.00. Less 20 per cent...\$5.60

Usual price \$10.50. Less 20 per cent...\$8.40

### GLOVES

A Big Range in Ladies' and Men's Wool and

Kid. All at 20 per cent off.

### HOSIERY

#### Bargains

Boys' Black All Wool Knit Hose, Sizes 6 to 9

Usual price \$1.10 to \$2.10. Now 55c. to \$1.05

Heavy New Knit Hose, sizes 6, 7, 8.

Usual price 90c. to \$1.00. Now 50c. and 55c.

Sizes 9 and 9½.

Usual price \$1.20. Now ...92c.

## BED COMFORTS

#### COTTON BLANKETS.

Usual price \$3.00. Less 20 per cent...\$2.40  
Usual price \$3.50. Less 20 per cent...\$2.80  
Usual price \$4.00. Less 20 per cent...\$3.20  
Usual price \$5.00. Less 20 per cent...\$4.00  
Usual price \$6.00. Less 20 per cent...\$4.80

We are also showing a nice range of Toys and Fancy Goods, suitable for Christmas gifts, selling at the same discount of 20 per cent.

#### WOOL NAP BLANKETS.

Usual price \$6.50. Less 20 per cent...\$5.20  
Usual price \$7.00. Less 20 per cent...\$5.60  
Usual price \$8.00. Less 20 per cent...\$6.40

#### WOOL BLANKETS.

Usual price \$10.00. Less 20 per cent...\$8.00  
Usual price \$13.00. Less 20 per cent...\$10.40  
Usual price \$16.00. Less 20 per cent...\$12.80  
Usual price \$20.00. Less 20 per cent...\$16.00  
Usual price \$25.00. Less 20 per cent...\$20.00

#### WADDED AND DOWN QUILTS.

Chintz and Sateen Covered in attractive Colorings.

Usual price \$4.00. Less 20 per cent...\$3.20  
Usual price \$4.50. Less 20 per cent...\$3.60  
Usual price \$6.50. Less 20 per cent...\$5.20  
Usual price \$8.00. Less 20 per cent...\$6.40  
Usual price \$10.50. Less 20 per cent...\$8.40  
Usual price \$13.00. Less 20 per cent...\$10.40  
Usual price \$16.00. Less 20 per cent...\$12.80  
Usual price \$20.00. Less 20 per cent...\$16.00  
Usual price \$25.00. Less 20 per cent...\$20.00

# STEER BROTHERS.



## FORMER ARMY NURSE HAS FULLY RECOVERED

"I Can Never Express My Gratitude For What Tanlac Did For My Wife," Says Husband — Never Felt Better In Life.

Bud Morris, 277 University St., Montreal, P.Q., sergeant in the Canadian army during the late World War, and whose wife accompanied him overseas as a trained nurse, comes forward with an interesting statement regarding the merits of Tanlac. Mr. Morris is at present travelling in the interest of the Great War Veterans' Association.

"I must say," said Mr. Morris, "I can never fully express my gratitude to Tanlac for what it has done for my wife. For two years she suffered with indigestion, lost her appetite entirely, and what little she forced herself to eat bloated and distressed her terribly. At times she suffered with severe headaches, and her nerves were in such bad condition that even the ringing of the telephone would upset her, and it was impossible for her to get a good night's sleep.

"She became very weak and run down, and, in fact, not even the fatigue and hardships she endured as an

army nurse caused her anything like the suffering this trouble did. We tried a number of different medicines but nothing helped her until she got Tanlac.

"Well, she is not like the same person now. Her appetite is so good she is always ready for a hearty meal, and her stomach never gives her the least pain or distress. Her nerves are in fine condition, too, and she sleeps like a child and is rested and full of energy in the mornings. In fact, I just received a letter from her, from Toronto, where she is spending a vacation, saying she never really felt better in her life. Since Tanlac has done so much for her, it always gives me pleasure to say a good word for it."

Tanlac is sold in St. John's by M. Connors, in Musgrave Harbor by T. W. Abbott, in Badger's Quay by John T. Currie, in Joe Batt's Arm by Michael Hackett, in New Perlican by W. J. Green, in Point aux Gauls by Edgar Hillier, in Dildo by Samuel J. Pretty, in Glovertown by Daniel Burton, in Old Perlican by Moses Bursey, in Lewisporte by Uriah Freak, in Holyrood by William Condy, in Morton's Harbor by A. W. Brett, in St. Brendan's by Wm. F. Hynes, in Bonne Bay by Butte Bros., in Brent's Cove by Jeremiah A. Sullivan.

## Congregational L.A.

The Ladies Aid of the Congregational Church held their annual social, and sale of work in the lecture room of the Church last night. The sale was largely patronized, and the ladies in charge of the different stalls, which consisted of plain and fancy work, candy and vegetables were kept busy catering to the needs of their customers, and all the goods were quickly sold. Teas were also served during the evening, and the total proceeds were up to a expectations and amounted to a very handsome sum. At the close of the sale a very enjoyable concert was held, and the following ladies and gentlemen contributed numbers: Mrs. J. Whiteley, Misses Cowan, Pippy, Steele Barnes and Messrs. Cowan and Fitzgerald. The ladies in charge of the affair worked most energetically, and are to be complimented on the success of their efforts.

## CONSECRATION NOTES

His Lordship Bishop Renouf celebrated his first Episcopal Mass at 9 a.m. this morning in the Cathedral. Very Rev. Fr. O'Flaherty, P. P. of Trepassy, assisting.

The Crozier used by the new Bishop at yesterday's ceremony was a gift from his ever faithful parishioners of St. Bride's, and the Mitre given by his equally loyal and devoted children of Trepassy.

Rev. Father Joy of Port au Port, who acted as Chaplain to the Bishop of St. George's, and Rev. Fr. MacKey of Bay de Verde were both present at Bishop Renouf's ordination in Rome a quarter of a century ago.

The train bearers to His Grace the Archbishop were Masters Rex and Harry Renouf, nephews of the new Bishop and sons of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Renouf.

His Lordship Bishop Morrison and many of the Priests return to their parishes by to-day's express.

## CHILDREN

of all ages may be admitted to the

**CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL**

on King's Bridge Road.  
m.w.t.f



**L. O. A.**

LEEMING LODGE, NO 54

The Annual Meeting of the above Lodge will be held tonight, (Thursday) in Victoria Hall, at 8 o'clock sharp. A full attendance is requested. Business: Reports for year, election of officers, etc.

By order,  
**W. K. MERCER,**  
Actg. Secty.

dec8,21

## "PRINCE AND PEDLAR"

Last night's reproduction of the "Prince and Pedlar", by the pupils and ex-pupils of the Mercy Convent Military Road, brought another large audience to the Casino Theatre. The performance was, if anything, better than the previous night, and the young lady performers showed much talent and careful training. The choruses were a feature of the production, and the different dances were again splendidly performed. The whole opera has been an unqualified success, and great credit is due the young ladies who under the skillful direction of Professor Hutton and the tuition of the good Sisters, gave such a creditable performance. The opera will be repeated this evening at 8 o'clock when the children of the city orphanages will witness the production.

## The Trade Bakery.

The Insurance carried on the Trade Bakery amounted to \$85,000.00. Mr. James B. Baird has been appointed adjuster for the companies interest. A meeting of the shareholders was held yesterday and it is quite likely that re-building of the plant on the same site will be proceeded with.

ADVERTISE IN

THE ADVOCATE

## SPARE RIBS!

We Have  
**100  
Barrels  
HALF  
SHEETS  
of Usual  
Excellent  
Quality  
in stock**

They're Morris's

**HARVEY & COMPANY, Ltd.,**

## OBITUARY

MRS. SAMUEL TILLEY.

The Angel of Death visited the home of Mr. Samuel Tilley, Kelligrews, in November and claimed as its victim his beloved wife, Rebecca, in her 70th year. Deceased was ailing for about six months and succumbed to an old complaint, heart failure. Of a kind and charitable disposition, Mrs. Tilley will be missed by the many vacationists who frequented her table during the summer season, as well as the community in which she lived. Deceased for about forty years proved the realities of living a Christian life, she being a great church worker, and to her death had no sting. The funeral service was conducted by Staff-Captain Thompson, S.A., and the whole populace of Kelligrews and surrounding places turned out to the funeral, and it was indeed a solemn and impressive cortege that wended its way to the S. A. Cemetery, Long Pond, where the remains were laid to await the trumpet call. Deceased leaves to mourn a husband and four sons, Abram, Sub-Collector at St. John's, Newfoundland, Mr. Devine up to the time of his appointment by the Government of his country was vice-President of the Newfoundland Wholesale Dry Goods, Ltd., St. John's. The Commissioner has taken an office at the Columbia Building, 29 Broadway. This is the first time in its history that Newfoundland has had an official representative in this country. The duties of the Commissioner will be to foster closer trade relations between the United States and Newfoundland; to go thoroughly into the possibilities of placing Newfoundland fish in this country, and to find out the tastes of the American people in that direction and to learn definitely what is required. Mr. Devine is deeply convinced of the mutual trade advantages that will accrue to both for the United States and Newfoundland through the establishment of the trade commission. Mr. Devine says: "We need your trade; we want your tourist traffic; in short, we want Newfoundland discovered in the fullest sense of the word. We must disabuse the minds of those in America who think we are situated up in the Arctic Circle. For years we have been grossly misrepresented and linked with Labrador and Eskimo. We have the finest resources awaiting development. A transformation must take place. It is with this intention and to place before the American fish dealers the possibilities of Newfoundland fish that a Trade Commissioner has been appointed."

## The Kyle's Passengers

The S. S. Kyle arrived at Port aux Basques yesterday morning with the following passengers:—Miss T. Sharwood, J. T. and Mrs. Martin, Miss A. Miller, J. and Mrs. Morrissey, B. J. Murray, A. K. O'Brien, Miss K. Pollard, Miss A. McQuarry, J. D. Ebey, A. MacKay, Rev. W. E. Cracknell, J. S. Coffin, John Downey, Mrs. A. Myles, A. Tibbo, E. J. Edison, W. Paddon, Mrs. F. B. Wright, Miss L. Bower, J. Osmond, J. Thorne, J. Allen, F. Parsons, Mrs. E. Collishaw.

## WHO FORGETS

Who forgets that a fire occurred on the 9th of July, '92? It may happen again, any time, and you may be a victim. Why not protect yourself with one of my gold bond policies? The cost is low.—Percie Johnson, The Insurance Man.

## NOTICE!

**Historical Society**

The Historical Society meets this evening at 8 p.m. at the C.H.E. Chambers. The President will review the diary of an old St. John's family.  
**WARWICK SMITH,**  
Rec. Secretary.

dec9,11

## LOCAL ITEMS

The express is due at 4:40 o'clock afternoon.

In last night's hockey game at the Prince's rink the Rangers defeated the Caledonians by a score of 3 to 2. There was a large number of spectators. General skating followed the game.

## PILES

Do not suffer another day with itching, bleeding, or protruding Piles. No surgical operation required. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and afford lasting benefit. 60c a box; all dealers, or Romanos, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample box free if you mention this paper and enclose 2c. stamp to pay postage.

## Newfoundland Now Represented in New York

(New York Journal of Commerce)  
The Newfoundland Government has appointed as Trade Commissioner to the United States, with headquarters at New York, J. M. Devine, of St. John's, Newfoundland. Mr. Devine up to the time of his appointment by the Government of his country was vice-President of the Newfoundland Wholesale Dry Goods, Ltd., St. John's. The Commissioner has taken an office at the Columbia Building, 29 Broadway. This is the first time in its history that Newfoundland has had an official representative in this country. The duties of the Commissioner will be to foster closer trade relations between the United States and Newfoundland; to go thoroughly into the possibilities of placing Newfoundland fish in this country, and to find out the tastes of the American people in that direction and to learn definitely what is required. Mr. Devine is deeply convinced of the mutual trade advantages that will accrue to both for the United States and Newfoundland through the establishment of the trade commission. Mr. Devine says: "We need your trade; we want your tourist traffic; in short, we want Newfoundland discovered in the fullest sense of the word. We must disabuse the minds of those in America who think we are situated up in the Arctic Circle. For years we have been grossly misrepresented and linked with Labrador and Eskimo. We have the finest resources awaiting development. A transformation must take place. It is with this intention and to place before the American fish dealers the possibilities of Newfoundland fish that a Trade Commissioner has been appointed."

## Steamer Making Port In Disabled Condition

The Furness Withy Co. received a message yesterday that the United States Shipping Board steamer Caskata was making for this port in a disabled condition. The ship was then 350 miles S.S.W. of St. John's with her main steam pipe broken. The message also stated that the ship was making very slow progress and she is not expected to reach port before to-morrow. The Caskata is a ship of about 3,000 tons and is bound from England to New Orleans. She is operated by the Trosdale Plant and Lafonta Co., New Orleans for the U.S. Shipping Board. During the afternoon the Furness Withy Co. also had a message from the Captain of the S.S. Edgar F. Luckenbach bound from New York to Rotterdam, stating that he had lost a blade of his propeller, and the ship was coming to this port for repairs. Late last night, however, another message from the ship stated that the damage to the propeller did not materially affect the ship's progress, and he Captain had decided to continue his voyage to Rotterdam. The lifting, is becoming quite common of Luckenbach is an American ship of 3,063 tons gross and carries about 12,000 tons of cargo.

## SHIPPING NOTES

The S. S. Portia left Curling at 3:45 yesterday for Sydney to load coal.

The S. S. Digby sails from Liverpool for this port on the 14th inst.

The S. S. Canadian Sealer leaves Halifax for this port on the 15th inst.

The S. S. Canadian Miner is due to-morrow from Charlottetown with a cargo of produce and Christmas goods.

The Danish schr. Start 60 days from Pornic in ballast arrived yesterday to T. H. Carter & Co.

The schr. Thorndyke has sailed from Grand Bank for Martinique with 2200 qtls of codfish from Messrs. Patten and Forsey.

The schr. Henry Jacobs 45 days from Lisbon, salt laden, has arrived at Grand Bank to S. Harris, Ltd.

The schr. Frank H. Adams has sailed from Catalina to Gibraltar for orders with 3,087 qtls of codfish.

The schr. Ellen and Mary has cleared from Grand Bank with 2946 qtls. of codfish for Oporto.

The schr. Curienuse has entered at Fogo to load codfish for Malaga from the Nfld. Labrador Export Co.

The sch. Russell S. Zinck 4 days from Sydney, coal laden to A. E. Hickman, arrived in port at noon to-day.

The S. S. Volunda sailed for Sydney this morning to load coal for this port.

The schr. Queenie B. has entered at Change Islands to load codfish for Malaga from J. Sellers.

The S.S. Scotsburn has sailed from Bonne Bay for Halifax taking a full cargo of fish and herring for Farquhar & Co.

S.S. Rosalind reached New York at noon today, and sails for here via Halifax on their orning of the 14th inst.

## ROYAL OAK LODGE, L. O. A.

The annual meeting of the above Lodge was held in Victoria Hall last night. After the reports of the year were presented the Prov. Grand Master, Bro. W. H. Cave, was called to the chair and conduct the election of officers, which resulted as follows: W.M.—Bro. F. G. Bradley, elected. D.M.—Bro. T. Noseworthy, re-elected. Chaplain—Bro. Alfred Dawe, elected. Secretary—Bro. A. Melvin, re-elected. Fin. Secretary—Bro. L. J. White, elected. Treasurer—Bro. J. M. Wiseman, elected. D. of C.—Bro. W. Noseworthy. Lecturers—Bro. Rd. Dawe and T. Noseworthy, Jr. General Committee—Bros. Louis J. Davis, Levi Froud, A. Harris, Wm. Garland and Jas Lewis.

## POLICE COURT

In the Police Court this morning an 11 year old youth of Freshwater Rd. was before His Honor charged with stealing a one pound tin of fishes tins valued at 10 cents, from Wiseman's grocery store, Carter's Hill. Mr. Wiseman did not wish to prosecute the damage to the propeller did not materially affect the ship's progress, and he Captain had decided to continue his voyage to Rotterdam. The lifting, is becoming quite common of Luckenbach is an American ship of 3,063 tons gross and carries about 12,000 tons of cargo.

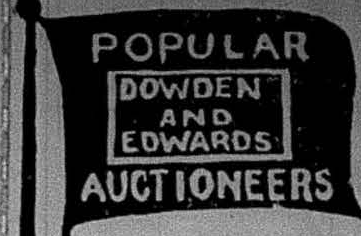
## SUPREME COURT

Present Mr. Justice Kent.  
Frohn Benukheim, trading as the North American Scrap Co. Plaintiff.  
and  
The Nfld. Furniture and Bedding Co., Ltd. Defendant.  
Mr. Fox for plaintiff.  
Mr. L. E. Emerson for defendant.  
Mr. Fox moves for a postponement until Monday, Dec. 13th inst. It is ordered accordingly.  
John ynn, plaintiff, vs. Herbert F. Baird, defendant.  
Mr. Barron for plaintiff states the plaintiff's case and calls Dr. Cowperthwaite and John Pynn. This closes the plaintiff's case. The court takes time to consider judgement. The court adjourned until 11 a.m. to-morrow.

**FOR SALE**  
— AT A BARGAIN —  
Schooner "Olivia May", Oak built and Copper Fastened, rebuilt 1910, well found. Sails and running gear in good condition; gross tonnage 78 tons; smart sailer. For further particulars apply to R. CLARENCE WINDSOR, 24 Barnes' Road, St. John's.  
dec9,11

## FRENCH TRAWLER IN FOR REPAIRS

The French trawler "Commandant Rouquely", arrived from the Grand Banks yesterday for repairs to her boilers, which are in a leaky condition. The steamer has been fishing on the Banks during the summer and has been very successful. This is the trawler's last trip for the season and she found cod scarce, but has now 100 tons of fish on board. The "Commandant Rouquely" was formerly the yacht Baccabante, owned by Henri Menter, the chocolate King who owns the Island of Anticosti, and this is the steamer's second trip to this port, she having been here last year to receive a new rudder. The ship is now at the dock premises where repairs will be effected, after which the ship sails for France. Hon. Tasker Cook is agent for the ship.



## AUCTION!

(For the benefit of whom it may concern.)  
**TO-MORROW, FRIDAY,**  
**AT 11 A.M.**

At Our Auction Rooms Corner Gower and Colonial Streets.

**1 CASE DRY GOODS**  
landed from the S.S. "Choctaw" at Harvey & Co's. and ordered to be sold for the benefit of whom it may concern.

—ALSO—  
1 Case CALICO  
1 Case TOWELS  
3 Cases DUCK  
1 Case CANTON FLANNEL GAUNTLETS, Men's Size.  
1 Case TALCUM POWDER  
1 Case SWEATERS, SHIRTING, FANCY KNIT SACKS, SHIRTS, ETC., ETC.  
2 Brls. HERRING.  
All to be sold without reserve.

To-morrow at 11 a.m.  
**DOWDEN & EDWARDS,**  
dec9,11 AUCTIONEERS.

## Postal Telegraphs

A Telegraph Office has been opened at North Harbor, Placentia Bay. Local Tariff, per established rates, namely, 20 and 2 cents.

**DAVID STOTT,**  
Superintendent.

## FOR SALE

— AT A BARGAIN —  
Schooner "Olivia May", Oak built and Copper Fastened, rebuilt 1910, well found. Sails and running gear in good condition; gross tonnage 78 tons; smart sailer. For further particulars apply to R. CLARENCE WINDSOR, 24 Barnes' Road, St. John's.  
dec9,11

## NOTICE.

**House Island—Goose Cove, Hare Bay**

Lon. 55° 38' 0" W.  
Lat. 51° 19' 0" N.  
Owing to damage by storm the Light at Goose Cove, Hare Bay, will be discontinued until further notice.  
**W. F. COAKER,**  
Minister of Marine and Fisheries.  
Department of Marine and Fisheries, St. John's, Newfoundland, November 15th, 1920.  
nov15,11

**LOST—On Friday, between** Water Street and Duckworth Street, by way of Church Hill to Gower St. Church. A gold pendant with fresh water pearls attached. Finder please return to 103 Water Street and get rewarded.  
dec7,31

**STRAYED—In June last a small** White Mare. Expect she is in the vicinity of Clarke's Beach, as I bought her last fall from George Gardner (North River, Clarke's Beach) who has since left the place. Finder please apply to JOSEPH REID, Heart's Delight and be rewarded.

**FOR SALE—Schr. 'Jubilee',** built Gloucester, Mass. 1895 sails and gear in good condition. Apply to THE MONROE EXPORT CO., LTD. dec6,eod,11

**FOUND—Will the owner of** a Black Gauntlet Motor Glove lost on Thorburn Road, kindly apply for same from THOS. SOPER, c/o Soper & Moore.

The schr. Georgina has cleared from Woods Island for Gloucester with 1253 barrels of herring from the Bay of Islands Fisheries Co.

## Mailing Tubes!

We have on hand a large stock of

## Mailing Tubes

and will fill orders at reasonable prices

Apply

## Union Publishing Co.,

Advocate Office

## Government Railway Commission

## TO ALL CONCERNED

This Company will endeavour as far as possible to forward all freight via North Sydney and Port aux Basques, but reserves the right, whenever circumstances in the opinion of the Company require it, to forward freight, originally billed via North Sydney and Port aux Basques, and designated steamers VIA HALIFAX, OR VIA LOUISBURG, COLLECTED EXTRA CHARGES OVER CONNECTING LINES BETWEEN NORTH SYDNEY AND LOUISBURG, and also the right to forward same by any steamer owned or chartered by the Company from North Sydney or Louisbourg or Halifax, direct to St. John's, or Newfoundland ports other than Port-aux-Basques.

Shippers or consignees, when effecting Marine Insurance should bear this in mind and have their policies covered accordingly.

## Government Railway Commission